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NEGRO LABOR COMMITTEE RECORD GROUP

1925-1969

The New York Public Library

Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture 515 Malcolm X Boulevard New York, New York 10037

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PREFACE

This inventory is one of several prepared as a part of the archival preservation program at the Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture of The New York Public Library.

The Schomburg archival preservation program involves the organization and preservation of primary source material held by the Collection and of significance to the study of the Black Experience. It furthermore includes the preparation of detailed inventories of these records making the information contained therein accessible as well as available to scholars.

The necessary staff and supplies for this program were made available through a combination of Library and government funds and private grants from foundations.

NEGRO LABOR COMMITTEE (1935-?). RECORDS, 1925-1969. 37 boxes, 17 reels (15 linear ft.).

Historical Sketch

The formation of the Negro Labor Committee on July 20, 1935 was a major breakthrough in the black man's struggle to involve himself in the labor movement and to bring organized labor to the realization that its aspirations could only be achieved by giving equal consideration to all workers regardless of race, creed or color.

In 1925, Frank R. Crosswaith and a number of other labor leaders founded the Trade Union Committee for Organizing Negro Workers with the goal of encouraging the organization of black workers into unions. Later in 1934, a number of the same leaders, with the active support of the Socialist Party, founded the Harlem Labor Committee with somewhat the same objective.

The First Negro Labor Conference was called together under the auspices of the Harlem Labor Committee and was composed of black and white elected delegates from 110 progressive labor unions. The purpose of the Conference was to consider the economic plight of the black worker and to develop a program of action calculated to aid him in securing better-paid jobs than the more or less menial jobs (dish washer, porter, cook) to which tradition had long confined black people following the abolition of slavery. A second objective of the Conference was to remove the serious threat which the unorganized black worker represented to the organized labor movement.

The Conference elected a committee of 25 members who proceeded to establish a functioning Negro Labor Committee and to map out a program of action. The Committee was headed by Frank R. Crosswaith as Chairman. Other officers were Vice Chairmen A. Philip Randolph (Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters), Thomas Young (Building Service Employee's Union), Julius Hochman (ILGWU), Abraham Miller (Amalgamated Clothing Workers), and Morris Feinstone (United Hebrew Trades), Treasurer, Philip Kapp (Joint Board, Dressmakers Union), Financial Secretary, Winifred Gittens (ILGWU), and Organizer Noah A. Walter Jr. (Laundry Workers Union).

One of the Committee's first projects was the establishment of the Harlem Labor Center, "Labor's Home in Harlem," at 312 West 125th Street. The Center was dedicated on December 15, 1935 and its opening was accompanied by an intensive campaign of education and organization.

The founders of the Negro Labor Committee did not claim credit for anything original in their action for:

....we recall with pride that other minority groups in

the world of work when faced with problems similar to the problems the Negro workers now face, adopted identical methods of meeting and solving their problems....The Negro worker has been referred to as the 'Scab of America'....While the facts do not wholly justify this appellation, nevertheless, it is true that in every major industrial struggle in the U.S. within the last two decades, the Negro worker has played a vital, if not always complimentary role.

Unfortunately, organized labor in too many instances, both by sins of omission and commission, has driven the Negro worker into the open and welcome arms of the employers with the result that the Negro has developed an unfriendly attitude toward the labor movement and a corresponding affection for the employers of labor.

....in spite of some fine resolutions and official pronouncements on the subject there are still unions that either openly bar Negro workers from membership through clauses in their Constitutions, bylaws or rituals, and that covertly discriminate against the Negro worker by practices more eloquent and effective than pronouncements, resolutions, or Constitutions can ever be.

In dealing with the double dilemma of the black worker the Negro Labor Committee sought to organize unorganized black workers and to break down the barriers within the existing labor movement. It sought the affiliation of additional unions and locals with or without black membership in order to provide for the broadest possible participation in its work and to insure the maintenance of the Harlem Labor Center as the home of legitimate labor movement among black and white workers in Harlem. The Committee also lent its support to unions engaged in organization and strike activities among black workers, as well as established a Negro Labor News Service which disseminated information on events about or relating to black labor throughout the country.

During the 1930's and '40's the Negro Labor Committee played a key role in expanding the ranks of organized black labor and overcoming barriers within the labor movement itself. At its height the Committee represented over a quarter million black and white workers and was widely acknowledged and respected as the voice of black labor. The Committee sponsored conferences, trained organizers, and carried out highly publicized campaigns against discriminatory practices both in labor and in management, and successfully led the fight against Communist efforts to use black labor problems as vehicles toward its own ends.

FRANK R. CROSSWAITH, 1892-1965

Biographical Sketch

Frank R. Crosswaith, founder and long time Chairman of the Negro Labor Committee was born in Fredericksted, St. Croix, Virgin Islands on July 16, 1892. While still in his teens he moved to New York City and served in the United States Navy. He aspired to eventually become a lawyer, however his involvement in the labor and socialist movements in Harlem cost him his job. With the aid of a scholarship he enrolled at the Rand School of Social Sciences instead. After graduation his involvement in the labor and socialist movements increased as he became a lecturer for the school, a socialist organizer and lecturer for the League for Industrial Democracy, and later a national organizer for the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Contending that the problems of black people were kindred to those of all working people, and that the aspiration of labor could only be achieved by giving equal consideration to all workers regardless of race, creed, or color, Crosswaith soon gained widespread recognition as an outstanding speaker and proponent for the cause of all oppressed people. His stance as an uncompromising foe of communism earned him the proud distinction of being its number 1 target. He argued quite effectively that communism was merely using the grievances of black people for political propaganda.

The Ku Klux Klan openly threatened Crosswaith for charging them with the infamous race riot among the sharecroppers in Elaine, Arkansas. He was likewise attacked by anti-labor employers for his opposition to their attempts to use black workers as pawns to thwart the efforts of organized labor.

Nevertheless, even those who disagreed with his bitter, though eloquent criticisms of the blemishes of American democracy respected him for his ideals and unswerving devotion to black people and working peoples everywhere. He brought to the surface the ugly sores of racial prejudice, political opportunism, and economic barbarism which were hampering the achievement of constructive progress for Negro civil rights.

Crosswaith was also an effective labor organizer. He helped to organize the Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters, elevator operators, elevator constructors, mechanics, barbers, laundry workers, moving picture operators, grocery clerks, dining car employees, drug clerks, and many other laborers.

Crosswaith is perhaps best remembered for his work with the Negro Labor Committee. In 1925 he established the Trade Union Committee for Organizing Negro Workers and later the Harlem Labor Committee with the cooperation of a number of labor and liberal

leaders. In July, 1935 a conference of black and white elected delegates was called which expanded and enlarged upon the work of the Trade Union Committee and the Harlem Labor Committee and formed the Negro Labor Committee with Frank Crosswaith as Chairman. Over the next three decades he led the Committee in its continuing struggle to organize black workers; to integrate them into the mainstream of organized labor; and to enlist organized labor in the black struggle for equal rights.

Crosswaith wrote a regular column <u>Looking Around and Beyond</u>, which discussed problems related to black labor and appeared in several black newspapers from 1939-1943. He also served as the first labor member of the New York City Housing Authority, a post to which he was appointed by Mayor LaGuardia and re-appointed by Mayors O'Dwyer, Impelliteri, and Wagner.

At a testimonial dinner in honor of his 70th Birthday, Crosswaith was cited as "the pioneer veteran, champion of labor and loyal public servant who has devoted his life to the economic and social welfare of all workers. Male and female workers of America -- Negro, white and all races have drawn strength and inspiration from the fervor and passion of Frank R. Crosswaith's lifelong devotion to the cause of labor."

CHRONOLOGY

July 16, 1892	Born in Fredericksted, St. Croix, Virgin Islands
1915	Married Alma E. Besard of Charleston, S.C.
1925	Co-founded the Trade Union Committee for Organizing Negro Workers
August 25, 1925	Co-founder and general organizer of Brotherhood of Sleeping Car Porters
1934	Candidate for Congress, 21st Congressional District, New York
July 20, 1935	Co-founder and Chairman of the Negro Labor Committee
1935	Established the Negro Labor News Service
1936	Co-author with Alfred Baker Lewis of "True Freedom for Negro and White Labor"
1937	Co-founder of the Negro Labor Assembly
1938	Candidate for Congress, 21st Congressional District, New York
1939	Candidate for City Council (New York)
1939-1943	Authored column <u>Looking Around and</u> <u>Beyond</u>
1941	Appointed to Selective Service Board #76
	Member of A. Philip Randolph's March on Washington Committee
	Broadcast half-hour regular programs on WEVD
1942	Appointed to the New York City Housing Authority by Mayor LaGuardia
1945	Co-founder of the Liberal Party
1946	Re-appointed to NYC Housing Authority

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1951	Testimonial Dinner given in Crosswaith's Honor (Proceeds turned over to Frank R. Crosswaith Labor Education Fund
1952	Co-founder of the Negro Labor Committee, U.S.A.
July 16, 1957	Testimonial Dinner Honoring 65th Birthday
December 8, 1962	70th Birthday Reception
1963	Helped organize March on Washington
June 18, 1965	Died

Scope and Content

The Negro Labor Committee Records consists of the complete noncurrent office files of the Negro Labor Committee and personal papers of Frank R. Crosswaith. They were transferred to the Schomburg Collection for processing and preservation by the Committee in 1971.

The records are divided into two major series, each with a number of sub-series. The series are: Office Files of the Negro Labor Committee and the Personal Files of Frank R. Crosswaith, founder and longtime Chairman of the Committee.

The OFFICE FILES OF THE NEGRO LABOR COMMITTEE series is subdivided into three subseries reflecting the general practice of the Committee's office staff under the supervision of Winifred Gittens, secretary of the Committee from 1935. The first subseries Historical and Administrative includes records of the organizations which proceeded the Negro Labor Committee: Trade Union Committee for Organizing Negro Workers, 1925; and the Harlem Labor Committee, 1934, and items summarizing the Committee's general interests and activities from its founding in 1935 to 1969. This first subseries also contains the general correspondence (Communications Received and Answered) for the Committee arranged chronologically, and finally such administrative records as minutes of meetings, committee reports, financial records, and form letters.

The General Subject and Activity Files subseries is arranged alphabetically and includes material on conferences and conventions in which the Committee participated, documents relating to activities and special projects of the Committee (Harlem Labor Center, Scholarship Benefit Fund, Negro Labor Committee - U.S.A., anniversary journals, proposed March on Washington, (1943), and the monthly minutes of the Negro Labor Assembly of which the Negro Labor Committee was an integral part. This subseries furthermore contains the regular press releases of the Negro Labor News Service from 1935 to 1951.

The third subseries, **Affiliated Unions and Locals**, consists of the files of the individual unions that were affiliated with the Negro Labor Committee and that joined it in many of its projects and activities. The files present a cross section of the progressive labor movement in New York City during the 1930's and 1940's.

The PERSONAL FILES OF FRANK R. CROSSWAITH series, is subdivided into several subseries, also following the organization employed by the Committee office staff. The first subseries includes Crosswaith's General Correspondence, primarily letters of

appreciation, biographical data, and materials related to political campaigns and testimonial dinners. The second subseries consists of Crosswaith's Writings and Speeches. Among the materials in this section are typescripts of his column, "Looking Around and Beyond," which appeared regularly in various black newspapers from 1939-1943, as well as other articles and editorials which appeared from time to time in other publications. The subseries also contains copies of Crosswaith's Letters to the Editor, 1940-1960, in which he set forth, quite clearly, his views and the official positions of the Negro Labor Committee on many of the major questions of the day. The last section of the subseries includes texts of Crosswaith's speeches and correspondence relating to his many speaking engagements.

The third subseries is an **Organization** subject file which includes material relating to the many organizations in which Crosswaith held membership, served on committees, or simply maintained an interest. These files demonstrate the wide span of his activities and interests. The next subseries, **Friends and Labor Leaders**, is similar to the Organization subseries in that it again demonstrates a broad field of interest, however the emphasis here is on people and personalities, friends and labor leaders with whom Crosswaith worked and whose respect he had gained over the years.

Crosswaith's years on the **New York City Housing Authority**, 1942-1956, can be found in the subseries of the same name. Included are correspondence, reports, project descriptions, and copies of official publications of the Housing Authority (<u>New York City Housing Authority News</u>, <u>Housing Outlook</u>, and <u>NYCHA Bulletin</u>).

The final two subseries; Scrapbook Material and Oversize and Nontextual Material were established to accommodate records which remained outside of the office staff's organizational scheme. The scrapbook materials generally contain clippings, photographs, copies of programs and publications, and other materials which were apparently set aside for future reference. These have been arranged into general subject categories and placed in the record group alphabetically. The photographs have been transfered to the Photographs and Prints Division.

Related collections housed in the Manuscripts, Archive and Rare Books Division, Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture:

Frank R. Crosswaith Papers Richard Parrish Papers Richard Parrish Papers (Additions)

Provenance

The non-current records of the Negro Labor Committee were transferred to the Schomburg Center by the Negro Labor Committee in 1971. They include the office files of the Committee itself and the personal papers of Frank R. Crosswaith, founder and long time Chairman of the Committee.

Processed by Stanton F. Biddle and Paul Williams with the assistance of New York Urban Corps Interns Claire Harley and Reginald Culpepper, 1971.

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1	1		Office Files of the Negro Labor Committee Historical and Administrative Records History		
_	_		Trade Union Committee for Organizing Negro Workers		
		a1	1925		
		a2	1926		
		a3	1930s		
			Harlem Labor Committee		
		a4	1934-1935		
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			Received and Answered		
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		a27	Condolences, 1943-1959		
		a28	Education Committee, 1935-1936		
		a29	Financial Statements, April 1950-April		
			1953		
		a30	Form Letters and Letterhead Stationery		
		a31	Minutes of Meetings, 1935-October 1937 (thereafter see Negro Labor Assembly		
			Minutes)		

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3	1	a32 a33 a34 a35 a36 a37	Minutes, 1968 Officers of the Executive Board, 1953 Race Relations Committee, 1943-1944 Rules Governing the Negro Labor Committee and the Negro Labor Assembly, 1940 Subcommittees Suggestions for Committees and Affiliations, 1953-1954
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		b10 b11 b12 b13 b14	1950 Aid to Individuals 1936-1949 1950-1960 Aid to Organizations 1936-1952 1954-1959 Aid to Other Negro Labor Committees, 1942-1949
4	2	b15 b16 b17 b18 b19 b20 b21 b22 b23 b24	Aid to Other Negro Labor Committees (Boston), 1939-1941 Anniversaries, 1938, 1939 Autographs, 1938-1954 Bills and Receipts 1961 1962 Boy Scouts of America, Greater New York Council, 1958 Cases Individuals A-M, 1937-1942 Individuals N-Z, 1937-1942 Pepsi Cola and Soft Drink Workers, 1943 Unions, 1937-1942

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4	2	b25 b26	Communist Party, 1937 Conferences - Americans Talk It Over, 1946-1947
5	2	b29 b30	Conference on Anti-Semitism, 1941-1942 Conference on Labor's Responsibility Towards Integration in the New York ic Schools, May 18 1957 Meetings, Minutes, etc. Resolutions, Post-Conference plementation Conference on Negro Labor and the Post-War, 1943
5	3	b33 b34 b35 b36 b37 b38	Conference on Problems of Negro Worker and the Community, March 1, 1952 - History (See also Negro Labor , U.S.A., b105-114) 1948-1952 March 1, 1952 Correspondence Lists of Organizations Contacted Committee on Bylaws Committee on Credentials and minations Committee on Finance and Affiliations Committee on Organization Committee on Program Clippings Copyrights (Materials for Lawyers) Minutes Officers Report - Second Annual Conference, 1953 Reference, Freedom House, 1952-1953
6	3	b47 b48 b49 b50 Fre b51 b52 b53 b54	Replies (negative) Resolutions Speakers and Sponsors Speech of Frank R. Crosswaith at edom House Meeting Donations 1935-1947 Special Appeals, 1935-1942 Form Letters Received (Unions) Friends of the Negro Labor Committee, 1941-1942

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7	3	b60	Harlem Labor Union, Inc.
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		b63	Hospital Strike, 1959 (Local 1199
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		b66	1935-1939
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		b69	"Labor in Harlem: A Dynamic Community"
		b70	Labor Miscellaneous, 1935-1949
		b71	Leaflets Published by the Negro Labor Committee
		b72	League for Industrial Democracy, 1969
		b73	March on Washington, 1943
		b74	National Association for the Advancement of Colored People - Communications
		b75	National Trade Union Conference on Civil Rights, 1957
		b76	National Negro Labor Conference, 1948-
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8	4	b77	National Negro Labor Council, 1951-1956 Negro Labor Assembly
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		b79	Communications Sent to Affiliated Unions and Others, 1937-1959
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10	5		Negro Labor Committee, U.S.A.
		b105	Bylaws, 1952-1956 (See also Conference
			on Problems of the Negro Worker and
			the Community, March 1, 1952, b34)
		b106	History, 1952
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20	10	d26	Condolences, Death, etc., 1939-1959 Correspondence
		d27	1930-1939
		d28	Amsterdam News, 1937-1941 (See also Letters to Editors, e14-e25, Articles and Editorials, e1-e13)
		d29	Amsterdam News, 1942-1945
		d30	New York Times, 1956
		d31	Deaths of Labor Leaders and Friends, 1953-957
		d32	Draft Board #76
		d33	East Bronx Peoples Open Forum, 1949-1941
		d34	Endorsements, 1954-1958
		d35	"Famous People" - Clippings
		d36	Get Well Cards Received, 1956
		d37	Greeting Cards and Post Cards, 1931-1948
		d38	Historical Weddings - (Queen Elizabeth/Prince Reiner/etc.
		d39	Job Campaign (See also Scrapbook on Job
		433	Campaign, Box 37)
		d40	Labor College (Lincoln University), 1946-
			1947
		d41	Labor Day
21	10	d42	Lawsuit (<i>Boulin v. Levinson</i>), 1940 Letters
		d43	1927
		d44	1928
		d45	1951-1968
		d46	1949-1953 (Originals)
		d47	"Letters from Notables," 1960-1963
		d48	Pamphlets
		d49	Poems and Christmas Cards
		d50	Political Campaign, 1952 Politics, 1953-1955
		d51 d52	Radio Program (Proposed), 1954
		d52 d53	References (Personal), 1943-1956
		d54	Reunion of Old Timers Inc., 1951-1962
		d55	Social Security
		3.3.3	Testimonial Dinner, 1951
		d56	Journal
22	11	d57	Invitation Responses
		d58	Letters Received and Answered
		d59	Sponsors and Honorary Chairmen

<u>Box</u>	<u>Reel</u>	<u>Folder</u>	
22	11	d60 d61 d62 d63 d64 d65 d66 d67 d68	Statements Scrapbook Material 65th Birthday Correspondence Journal Sponsors Regrets "Thank-you's" 1947-1952 (Sponsors)
			Writings and Speeches
23	11	e1 e2	Articles 1928-1934 Index to Articles, June 25, 1939- April 25, 1942 "Looking Around and Beyond" June 20, 1938-June 26, 1939 (The Guardian)
		e4	July 3, 1939-June 3, 1940 (<i>The</i>
		e5	Guardian) July, 1940-October, 1941 (Boston
		e5a	Chronicle) October 2, 1941-July 31, 1942 (Amsterdam News)
		e6	August, 1942-April, 1943 (Amsterdam
		e7 e8 e9 e10	News) 1950-1951 1952-1955 1957 1959-1961
24	11	e11 e12 e13	1963-1965 Undated Special Articles for reference (not by Crosswaith) Letter to the Editors
		e14 e15 e16 e17 e18 e18a	1940-1943 1944-1949 1950-1951 1952 1953
24	12	e19 e20 e21	1955 1956 1957

<u>Box</u>	<u>Reel</u>	<u>Folder</u>	
25	12	e22 e23 e24 e25	1958 1959 1960+ Undated
		e26 e27 e28 e29 e30 e31	Articles and Editorials 1935-1949 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955
26	12	e32 e33 e34 e35 e36 e37 e38 e39 e40 e41	1956 1957 Editorials (Labor) 1952 1953 Speaking Engagements 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1941 (WEVD Radio)
27	13	e42 e43 e44 e45 e46 e47 e48 e49 e50 e51	1942-1943 1944-1945 1948-1949 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955
28	13	e52 e53 e54 e55 f1	1958 1959 1960 Speeches, General Organizations Attorney General's List of "Subversive" Organizations AFL-CIO

<u>Box</u>	Reel	<u>Folder</u>	
		f3	American China Policy Association, 1946- 1958
28	13	£4	American Civil Liberties Union
	_	f5	American Committee for Cultural Freedom,
			1951-1956
		f6	Americans for Democratic Action, 1941-
			1956 (Formerly the Union for Democratic
			Action)
		£7	Association for the Blind, New York
			Chapter
		f8	Atlantic Union Committee, 1949-1955
		f9	Booker T, Washington Memorial Committee, 1948
		f10	Catholic Inter-racial Council, 1946-1951
		f11	City Center for Music and Drama Inc.,
			1947-1959
		f12	City-Wide Citizens' Committee on Harlem, 1946-1947
		f13	Committee for Collective Security, 1954-
			1957
		f14	Common Cause, 1949-1950
		f15	Council Against Communist Aggression,
			1953-1957
		f16-f20	Harlem Labor Union
29	14	f21	Harlem Labor Union - Clippings, 1936-1947
		f22	Harlem Trade Union Council, April 2, 1949
			International Ladies' Garment Workers'
		f23-f2	6 Union
		£27	Chicago
		f28	Clippings and Pamphlets
		£29	Educational Classes, 1934-1942
		f30	"They Came to a City" (play written by
			J.B. Priestly and Adapted by
		El	izabeth Rose)
30	14	f31	International League for the Rights of
		f32	Man, 1951-1955 F.H. laGuardia Memorial Association,
		132	1948-1956
		£33	League for Industrial Democracy, 1938-
		T 3 3	1957
		£34	League for Mutual Aid, 1939-1957
		f35	Liberal Party, 1945-1957
		£36	National Religion and Labor Foundation,
		100	1950-1951
		£37	Negro Labor Victory Committee, 1942-1943
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<u>Box</u>	<u>Reel</u>	<u>Folder</u>	
30	14	f38 f39 f40 f41 f42	Our World Award Committee, 1947 Pioneer Youth, 1939-1954 Post War Council, 1943-1957 Rand School of Social Science, 1953 Social Democratic Federation, New York City, 1951-1955
		f43	Tresca Memorial Committee, 1947-1956
		f44 f45	Uptown Chamber of Commerce Workers' Defense League, 1941-1952
30	15	f46	World Trade Union News, Austria, 1955- 1956
		f47	Miscellaneous, 1944-1949
31	15	g1	Friends and Labor Leaders Debs, Eugene V. Dubinsky, David
		g2	Correspondence, 1937-1958
		g3	Clippings
		g4	Eisenhower, Dwight D., 1949-1955
		g5	Granger, Lester (Urban League) Green, William (President, AFL), 1946-
		g6	1950
		g7	Harriman, William Averell (Governor, New York State), 1954
		g8	Iushewitz, Morris
		g9	Jack, Hulan, 1959 - Clippings
		g10	Lane, Layle Lewis, Alfred Baker
		g11	1950-1960
		g12	1962-1963
		g13	1940-1960 (Personal)
		g14 g15	McDougald, Mrs. Ayers, 1954-1955, 1958 McLaurin, B.F. (Campaign
		g15 g16	McDowell, Arthur
		g17	Moscow, Warren (Executive Director, NYCHA), 1955-1956
		g18	Novik, M.S. (Radio Station WLIB)
		g19	Oliver, William
32	15	g20	Overton, L. Joseph
		g21	Parrish, Richard Powell, Adam C.
		g22	Clippings, 1947-1969
		g23	Trouble in Congress, 1967
		g24-g27	Randolph, A, Philip, 1937-1964

<u>Box</u>	<u>Reel</u>	<u>Folder</u>	
32	15	g28 g29 g30 g31 g32 g33 g34 g35	70th Birthday Celebration, 1959-1960 80th Birthday Celebration, 1969 "Communists: A Menace to Black America" Russell, Bertrand - Clippings Schuyler, George, 1937-1954 Sinclair, Upton, 1958 Stalin, Joseph (Death of), 1953 Townsend, Willard A. (President, United Transport Service Employees) Thomas, Norman, 1936-1968
33	16	g37 g38 g39 g40	Vladeck, William Charney (Architect), 1955 Walter, Noah, "Struggle for Unity of Negro and White Workers in Your Union" White, Walter - Clippings Young, Thomas G.
		h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10 h11 h12 h13	New York City Housing Authority Congratulations on Appointment Articles and Releases, 1942-1955 Bulletins, 1949-1958, 1960 Correspondence, 1943-1975 Daily Time Reports (Sample Forms) Employees "Housing News" and "Housing Outlook," 1942-1944 "Instructions to Applicants" National Housing Conference, Inc. Project Descriptions Reports General Special Tenant Relationship
34	16	h14 h15 h16 h17 h18 h19 h20 h21 h22 h23 h24	General 1949-1950 1951 1951 (Congratulations on Reappointment) 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 Photographs, Buildings and Sites Photographs, Individual and Group

Box Reel Folder

35 16	i1 i2 i3 i4 i5 i6 i7	Scrapbook Material Clippings 1929-1935 1950-1959 Death and Memorials 1950 1957 Free and Accepted Order of Ethiopia Housing International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union
17	i8 i9 i10	Labor 1950 1951 1957
36	ill il2 il3 il4 il5 il6 il7 il8 il9 i20 i21 i22 i23 i24 i25 i26-i28	1958 McLaurin, B.F. March on Washington, 1963 - Clippings Miscellaneous 1951 1957 1968 Mooney, Tom, 1939 Personal 1950 1957 Politics 1950 1951 1957 1958 Publicity 1950 1957 Transcripts of Taped Speeches
37		Oversize and Non-textual Material (Photographs, Engraving Plates, Medals, Oversize Certificates, Scrapbook (Job Campaign, 1938), etc.)

SEPARATION RECORD

The following items were removed from:
Name of Collection/Papers Negro Labor Committee Records
Accession Number MG-17
Donor: Mr. Robert Russell, President of Negro Labor Committee
Gift Burchase
Date received: 3/25/94 Date transferred: 3/94
The item(s) listed below have been sent to the division indicated, either to be retained or disposed of there. Any items that should receive special disposition are clearly marked. Schomburg Photographs and Print Division:
1 Box of Photographs
Other: Engraving plates, medals were discarded.

Accessioned by: J. Quinter/D. Lachatanere Date: 3/25/94

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